Promise Programs, Emergency Aid, and Strategies for College Retention

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What's a Promise Program?

- Different Definitions
 - O Big Tent: Penn AHEAD, CFCT, some others
 - Ongoing tuition assistance for college at subnational level
 - More-specific: Upjohn Institute
 - Local and place-based
 - Goal to transform community through higher education
 - Role for IHE and community supports
- Lots of variation, even under narrower definition
 - O Universal vs. merit/needs-based
 - 2-year only vs 2- and 4-year colleges
 - O First-dollar vs. last-dollar

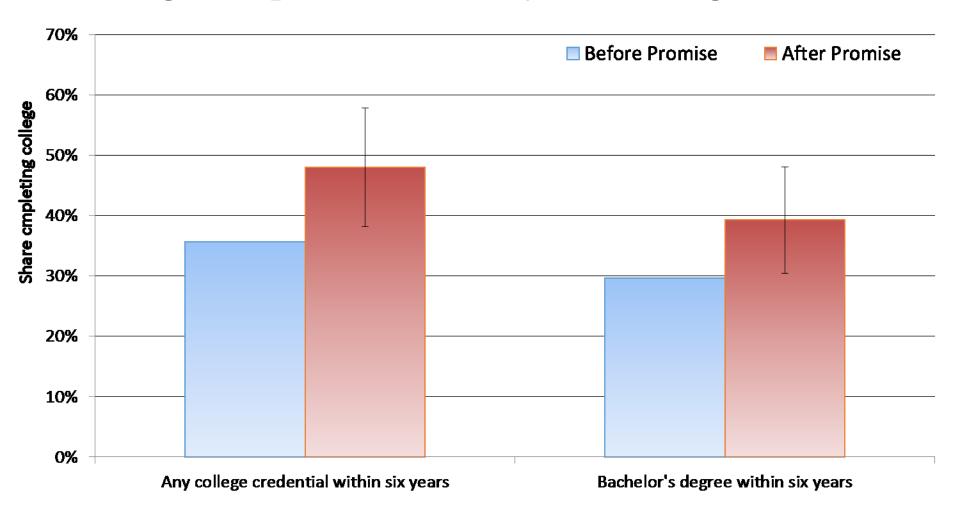
Upjohn Institute and Promise Research

- Conducted research on Kalamazoo Promise for 10+ years
- Convened researchers working on other Promise programs
 - Community and statewide programs (Tennessee)
- Researcher consortium to develop evaluation framework
 - O Education, and now workforce, outcomes
 - O Challenges: program designs, data availability
- New, searchable database of programs with detailed features
 - Compare programs with links to existing research
 - Most programs don't offer emergency aid, but individual IHEs might...
 important, but hard to track

What does the research show?

- 1. Soft changes in attitudes and aspirations are common to most programs and detectable almost immediately
- 2. Many programs find K-12 enrollment increases within a year; often from keeping (rather than attracting new) students
- 3. Little evidence of HS graduation increase, but behavior and grades may improve
- 4. College enrollment increases are typical; persistence and completion are more variable (and less studied)

Kalamazoo Promise: College completion within 6 years of HS graduation



Source: Bartik, Hershbein, and Lachowska (2015). Note: Estimates correspond to the second column of table 6 in the paper. Whiskers show 95 percent confidence intervals around estimate in Promise period.

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- 4. College enrollment increases are typical; persistence and completion are more variable (and less studied)
- 5. Community impacts (home values, crime) dependent on context
- 6. Workforce outcomes not yet studied... but in the works
- 7. Money and messaging are each important and can get students in the door, but additional supports from community needed for success

Consequences and Going Forward

- Reducing college costs substantially can increase graduation rates, but many barriers remain
- Unintended consequences...
 - Students induced to enroll may have greater needs

Characteristics of VDC Creductor of

Kalamazoo Valley Community College, Before and After Promise		
Characteristic	Before Promise	After Promise

41%

2%

2.66

20%

66%

11%

2.28

35%

Free/Reduced Price Lunch in HS

From Alternative HS

HS GPA

Share without Algebra II

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Consequences and Going Forward

- Reducing college costs substantially can increase graduation rates, but many barriers remain
- Unintended consequences...
 - Students induced to enroll may have greater needs
 - IHEs don't necessarily get increased resources
 - O Scholarship students often few relative to IHE enrollment
 - Problems often worse at 2-year sector
- As Promise programs mature, growing interest in supports
- Emergency Aid?

Emergency Aid

• Growing evidence of need for, and effectiveness of, emergency aid programs

- What is emergency aid?
 - O Small grant disbursements (often \$100—\$1,000) to individual students on as-needed basis
 - O Meant to deal with cash-flow problems (e.g., rent, transport, books, medical) that can cause students to drop out
- Covers non-tuition expenses

Emergency Aid: Some Examples

- Over 100 programs in existence
 - Most small or pilots
 - Most at community colleges
 - O Funding mix from donors, foundations, IHEs, gov't grants
- Several prominent (and studied) examples
 - Scholarship America's Dreamkeepers
 - American Indian College Fund's Angel Fund
 - ASAP (CUNY and Ohio; MDRC)
 - Great Lakes DASH
 - Tarrant County College (Trinity River)

Emergency Aid Can Vary A Lot

- Like Promise programs, emergency aid programs vary a lot
 - O Eligibility (financial aid-based or not)
 - Advertising (word-of-mouth, or blanket approach)
 - O Types of expenses (what qualifies?)
 - Administration/adjudication
 - Money and/or add'l supports (financial counseling, case mgmt)
- Not well-studied yet, but evidence so far suggests programs are effective
 - O Dreamkeepers: 2nd term reenrollment **1** 3-15 pp
 - ASAP (CUNY): nearly doubled 3-year AA grad rate
 - Tarrant CC: 31 pp (tripling) women's AA grad rate, but only with case mgmt. + EA

Emergency Aid: Cost effective?

- Best evidence from ASAP and Tarrant CC (RCTs)
- Both programs offer add'l services beyond emergency money
 - ASAP: enhanced advising, block courses, career services, transportation and textbook vouchers
 - O Tarrant CC: comprehensive case management from social workers
 - O Both had external administrative support
- Both were cost-effective
 - \circ Cost per degree fell (ASAP) or earnings post-school pay for program ≤ 5 yrs
- Money-only programs less studied, but evidence weaker
- <u>Guides available</u> from Wisconsin Hope Lab

Promise Programs + Emergency Aid

- Most successful supports are layered
 - Tuition support + expenses/EA support + counseling/case mgmt.
 - O Giving money is (relatively) easy; coordinating multiple supports is hard
- Kalamazoo, other Promise programs now expanding supports
 - 1. Survey and interview students, administrators to understand needs
 - 2. Developing monitoring system (a la Georgia State)
 - 3. Contemplating adding EA and student ombudsperson through Promise (liaison with campuses)
- How best to leverage financial support? Need to know context
- Plan to roll out best practices on our new website... stay tuned

Thank you!

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http://www.upjohn.org/research/education/kalamazoopromise-place-based-scholarships

http://www.upjohn.org/promise/database/