

Out-of-State Enrollment Patterns of Texas Public High School Graduates

Presentation to the Committee
on Affordability, Accountability,
and Planning

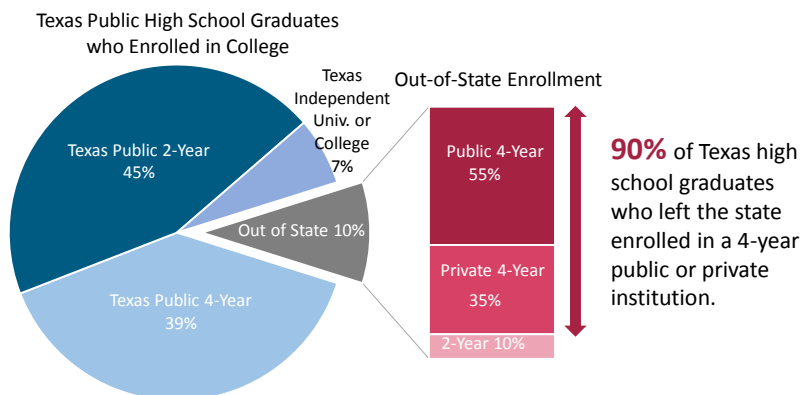
March 29, 2017



Texas Higher Education
Coordinating Board



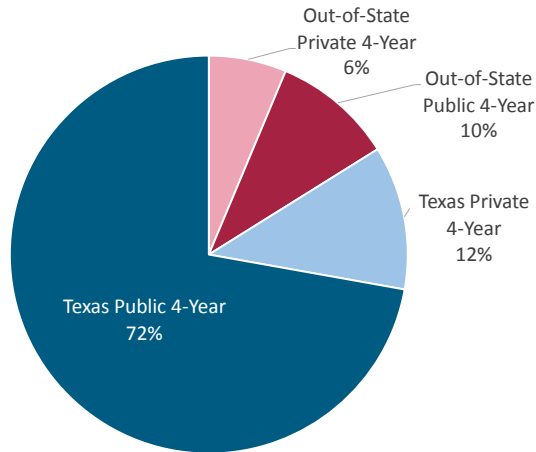
90% of Texas public high school graduates who enrolled in college stayed in Texas



Data Source. THECB analysis of data from Texas Education Agency (TEA) high school graduates, 2015; Coordinating Board Management (CBM) fall 2015 enrollment file; National Student Clearinghouse® enrollments.
Note: Percentages in blue pie chart exceed 100% due to rounding.

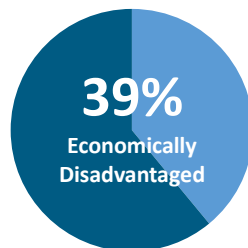


Close to **1 in 6 high school graduates** (16%) who enrolled at a 4-year institution went out of state

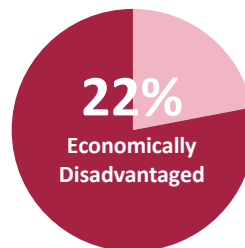


Economically disadvantaged high school graduates are more likely to attend college in state

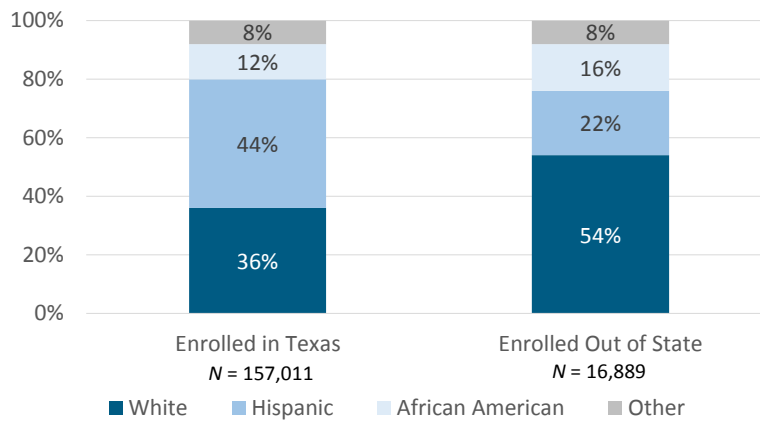
Enrolled in Texas



Enrolled Out of State

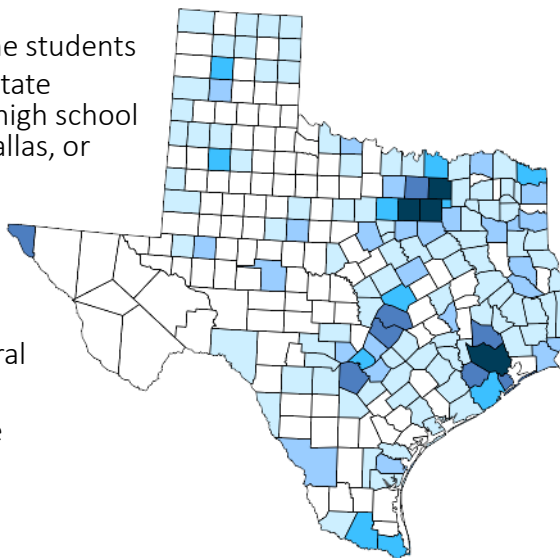


Based on their population representation, Hispanics were less likely to leave the state than African American and White students



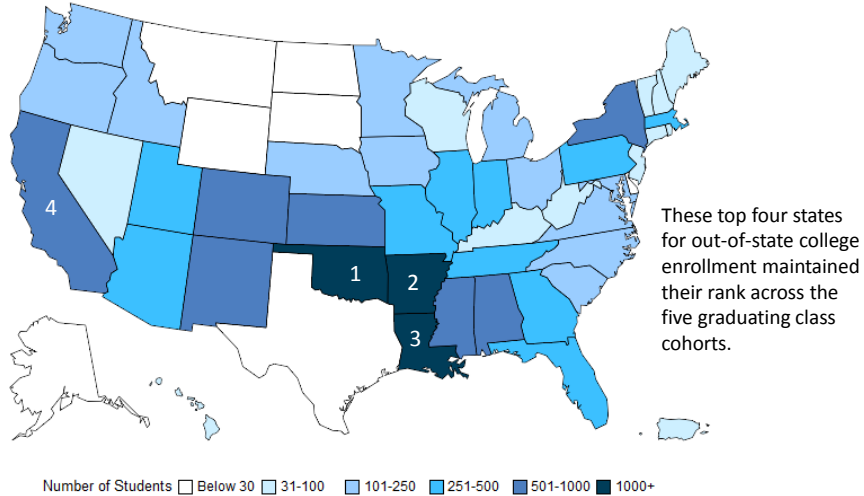
45 percent of the students who went out-of-state graduated from a high school in Harris, Collin, Dallas, or Tarrant counties.

Public high school graduates from rural counties were the least likely to leave Texas for college.



Number of Students Below 5 5-25 26-100 101-250 251-1000 1000+

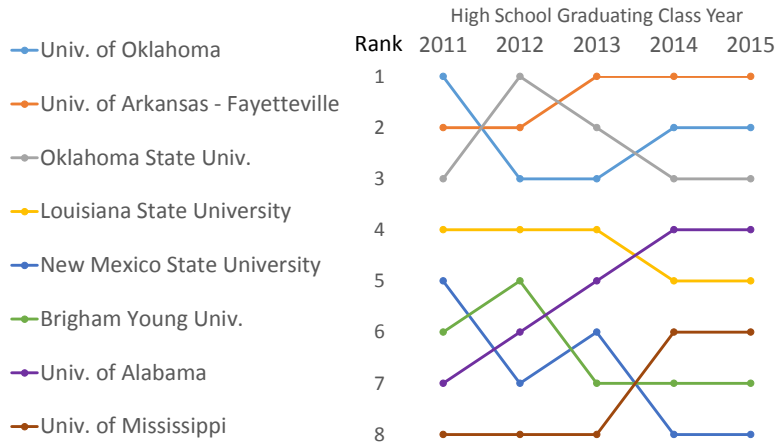
Texas public high school graduates from 2011 to 2015 who left the state most frequently attended colleges in Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, and California.



60x30TX

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1 in 4 Texas high school graduates who went out of state for college attended one of the following 8 institutions:



60x30TX

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The 60x30TX completion goal includes a target of increasing the enrollment percentage of Texas public high school graduates into Texas colleges directly from high school.

Percentage of all Texas public high school graduates enrolling in Texas institutions of higher education by the first fall after their high school graduation	Baseline Year	Target Years		
	2014	2020	2025	2030
	54.2%	58%	61%	65%

Percentage of all public Texas high school graduates enrolling in Texas or **out-of-state** institutions of higher education by the first fall after their high school graduation **in 2014:**

59.9%



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Key take-aways from NSC data

Through a partnership, THECB was able to obtain National Student Clearinghouse data which showed:

- 10% direct from high school graduates attend college out-of-state and 90% of those students attend a four-year institution
- Economically disadvantaged and Hispanic students are less likely to leave the state than White and African American students
- The states and institutions with the most enrollments from Texas are generally those that are contiguous or have the largest populations



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